

Interacting with the world

GATE Vision Workshop
30 May 2011



State of the art

- Many different types of sensors
- Realistic graphic rendering



Fusion, e.g. Bayesian modeling

Believe, desire, intention (BDI) modeling





Impact of past 5 years

First controller-less interaction:
 Kinect



Initial brain-computer interaction: Pong



Mobile online: Layar



Simulating virtual characters:





Impact coming 5 years

Current research leads to the following developments in the next 5 years:

- Sensors will become available everywhere (environment, body, brain)
- Better understanding of perception, cognition, emotion, action





Challenges next 10 years

To exploit these coming developments, the next 10 years needs research on:

- Fusion and interpretation of all multisensory data together (avoid immersion syndrome phenomenon)
- Sharing information, augmented reality authoring, integrated multimodal interaction
- Multi-modal perception: sensing wind, surround audio,



Impact of solutions

Resulting opportunities:

- Augmented movement: replacement of, extension of, or distant body motion, incl. feedback
- Extended mind: augmented memory, thinking, imagination
- Virtualizing oneself, brain-controlled avatar
- Real-feel information transfer
- kD information: animated, related to current or other location and time



Impact of solutions

Personalization: automatic adaptation, choosing

own way of interaction

- Comfort:
 no "Gorilla arm/sms thumb"
- Come as you are: markerless, wireless, deviceless
- Ubiquity, mobility, wearability





'Other factors

Need for vehicle projects, e.g.:

- Automatic understanding and generation of sign language
- Brain-controlled avatar
- Interaction during sleep
- Distant treatment

