

Ice modelling: the effect of nonlinearity

Becky, Jonny, Gabi



Introduction

- Ice sheet model
 - Investigation of ice sheet model resolution:
20 km (usual), 10 km, 5 km
- Is a resolution of 20 km sufficient for modelling ice sheets?

NASA. Photo #: STS045-152-105



<http://www.homepage.montana.edu/~geol445/hyperglac/morphology1/ContinentalIce.jpg>

Ice sheet modelling

- Vertically integrated continuity equation:

$$\partial H / \partial t = -\nabla \cdot (HU) + B$$

- Where $B = \min[B_{\max}, \beta(h - E)]$
- Numerical solution:

$$H_i^{t+1} \approx H_i^t + \frac{\Delta t}{\Delta x} (F_{i-1/2}^t - F_{i+1/2}^t + B_i^t \Delta x)$$

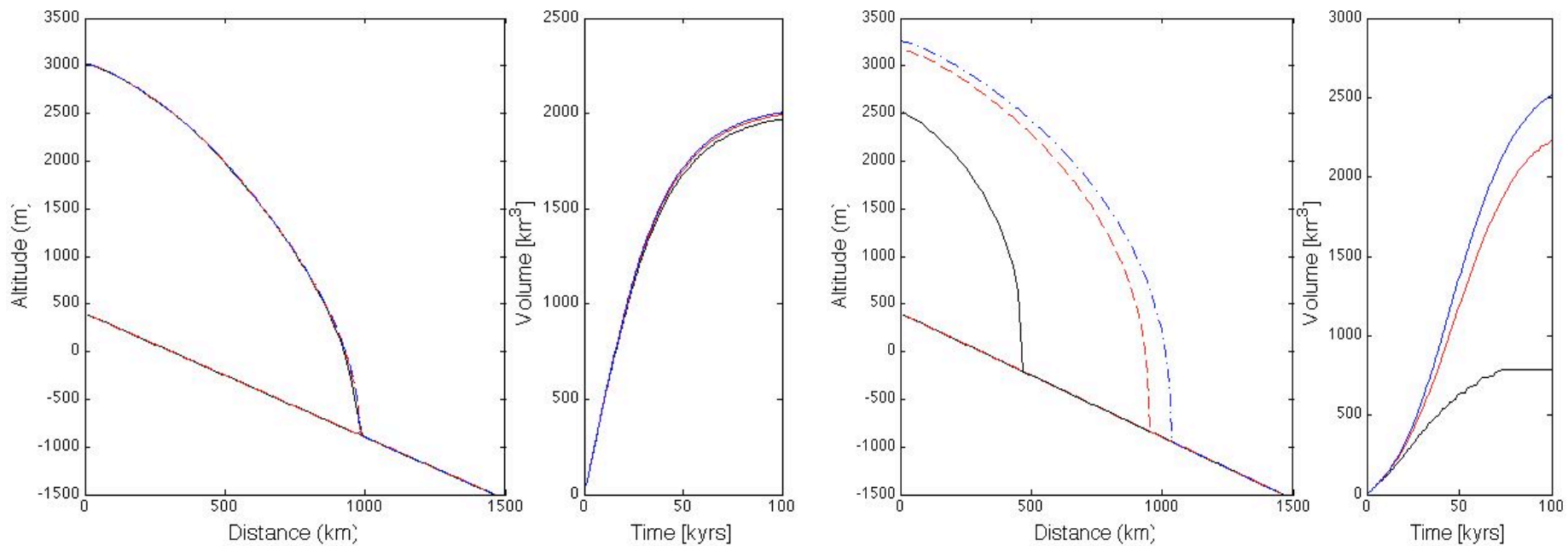
H = ice thickness, U = vertical mean horizontal velocity, B = mass balance

β = mass balance gradient, h = ice surface height, E = equilibrium line altitude

F = horizontal ice flux

Comparison of MB1 and MB2

$$B = +a \text{ for } x < |L|, \text{ and } -a \text{ for } x > |L| \quad , \quad B = \min[B_{\max}, \beta(h - E)]$$



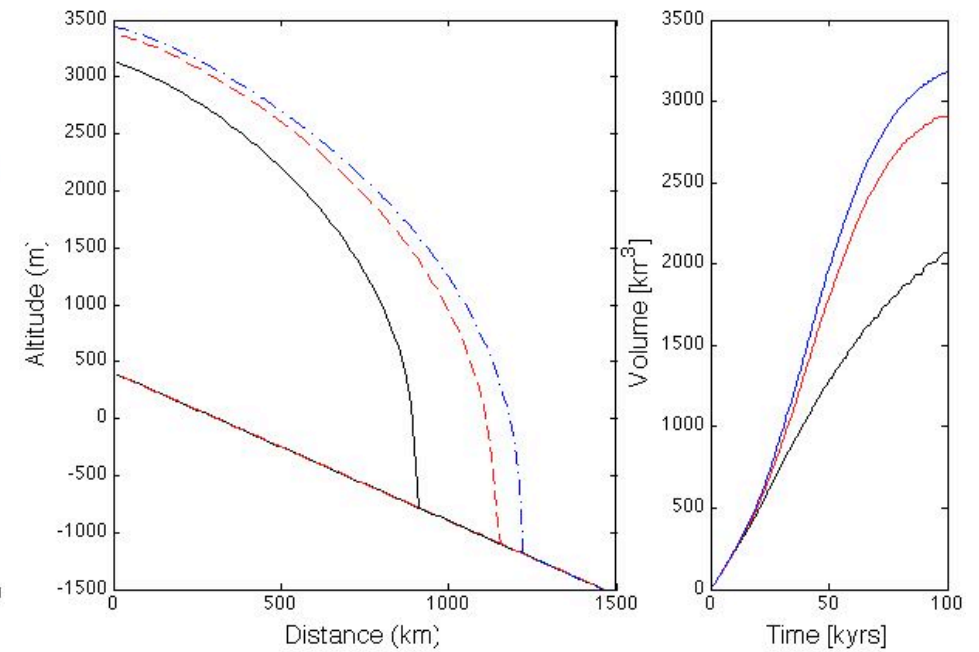
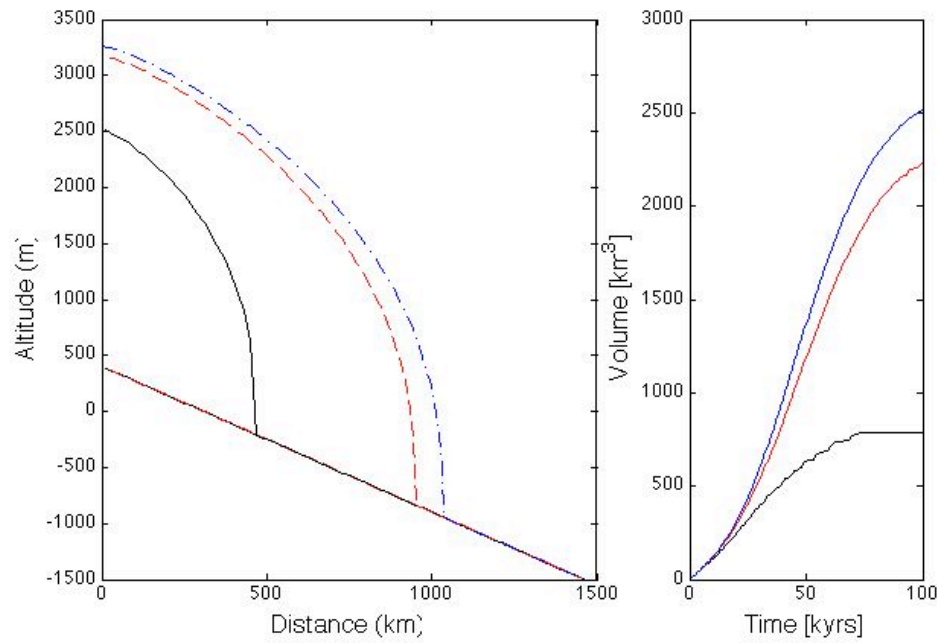
ELA = 250 m, slope = -1.3 m/km, $\beta = 5$ m/am, $b_{\max} = 1$ m/a

black = 20 km, red = 10 km, blue = 5 km resolution

MB2, changed ELA

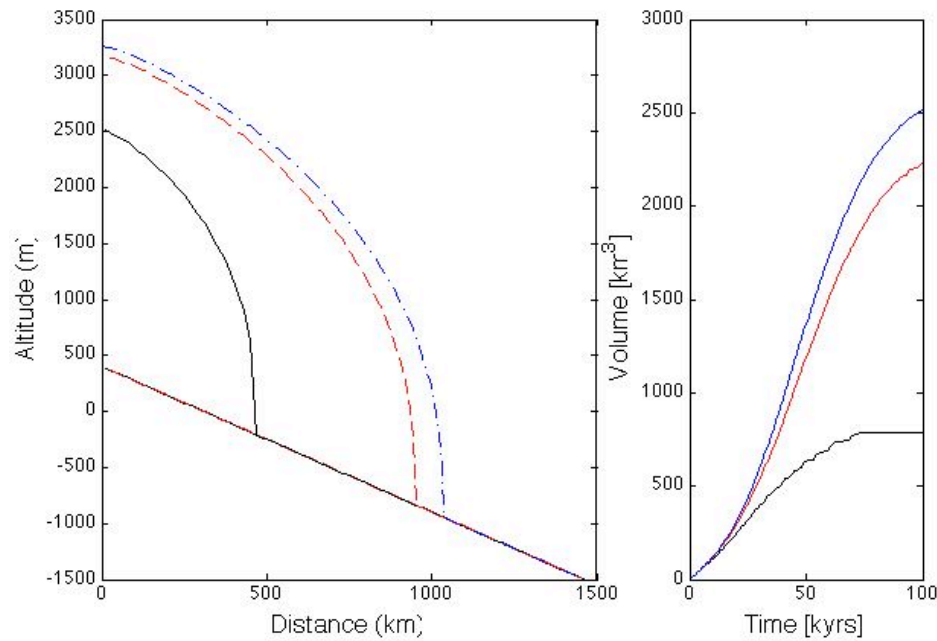
ELA = 250 m

ELA = 100 m

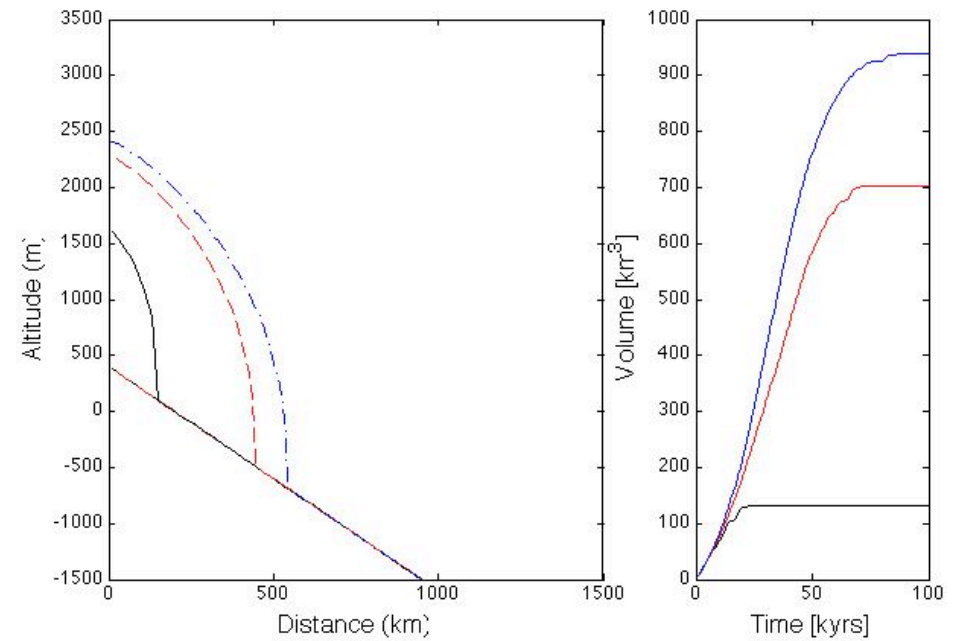


MB2, slope changed

slope = -1.3 m/km

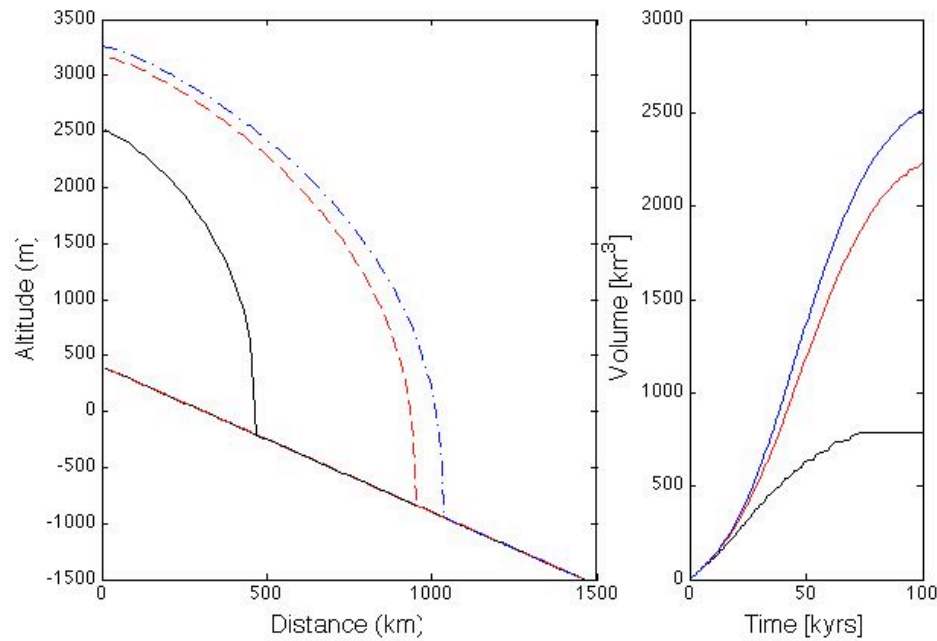


slope = -2.0 m/km

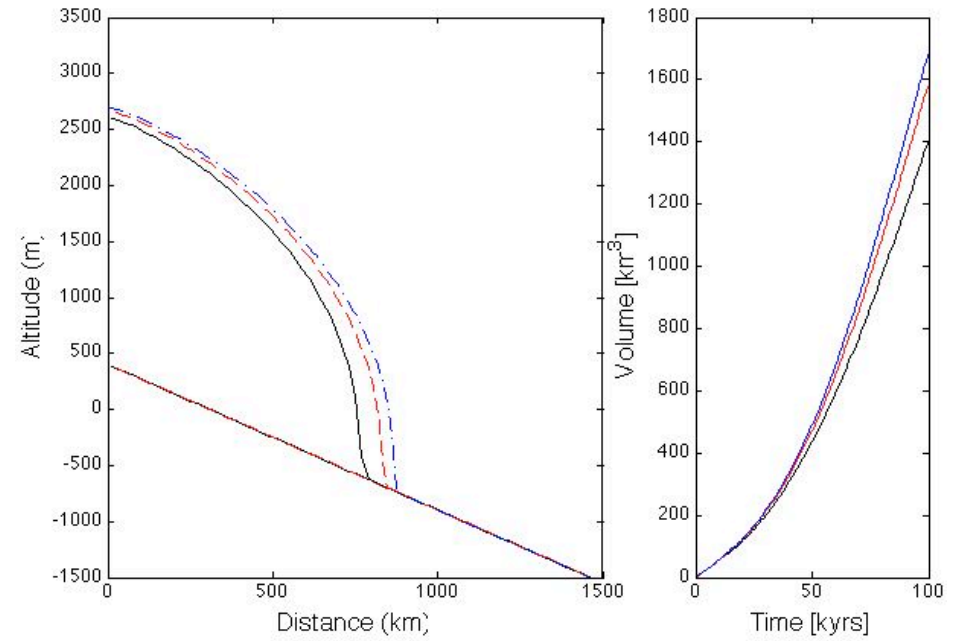


MB2, changed bmax

$b_{\max} = 1 \text{ m/a}$



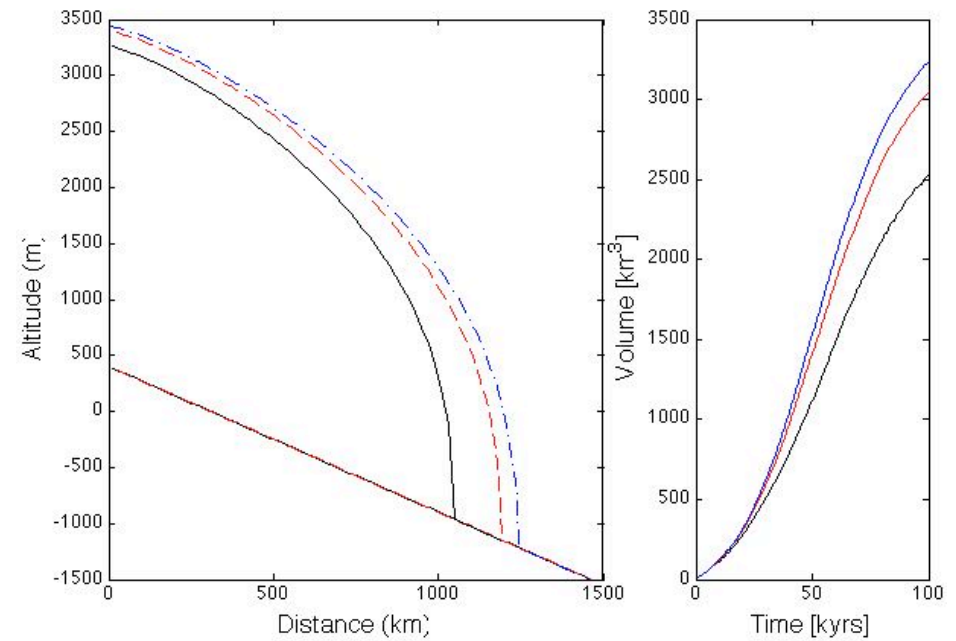
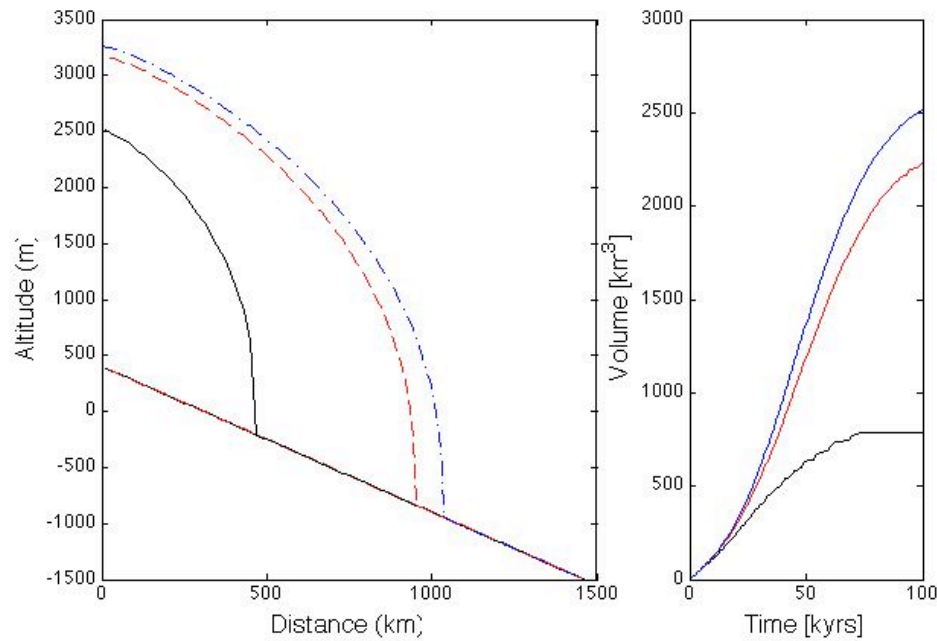
$b_{\max} = 0.5 \text{ m/a}$



MB2, β changed

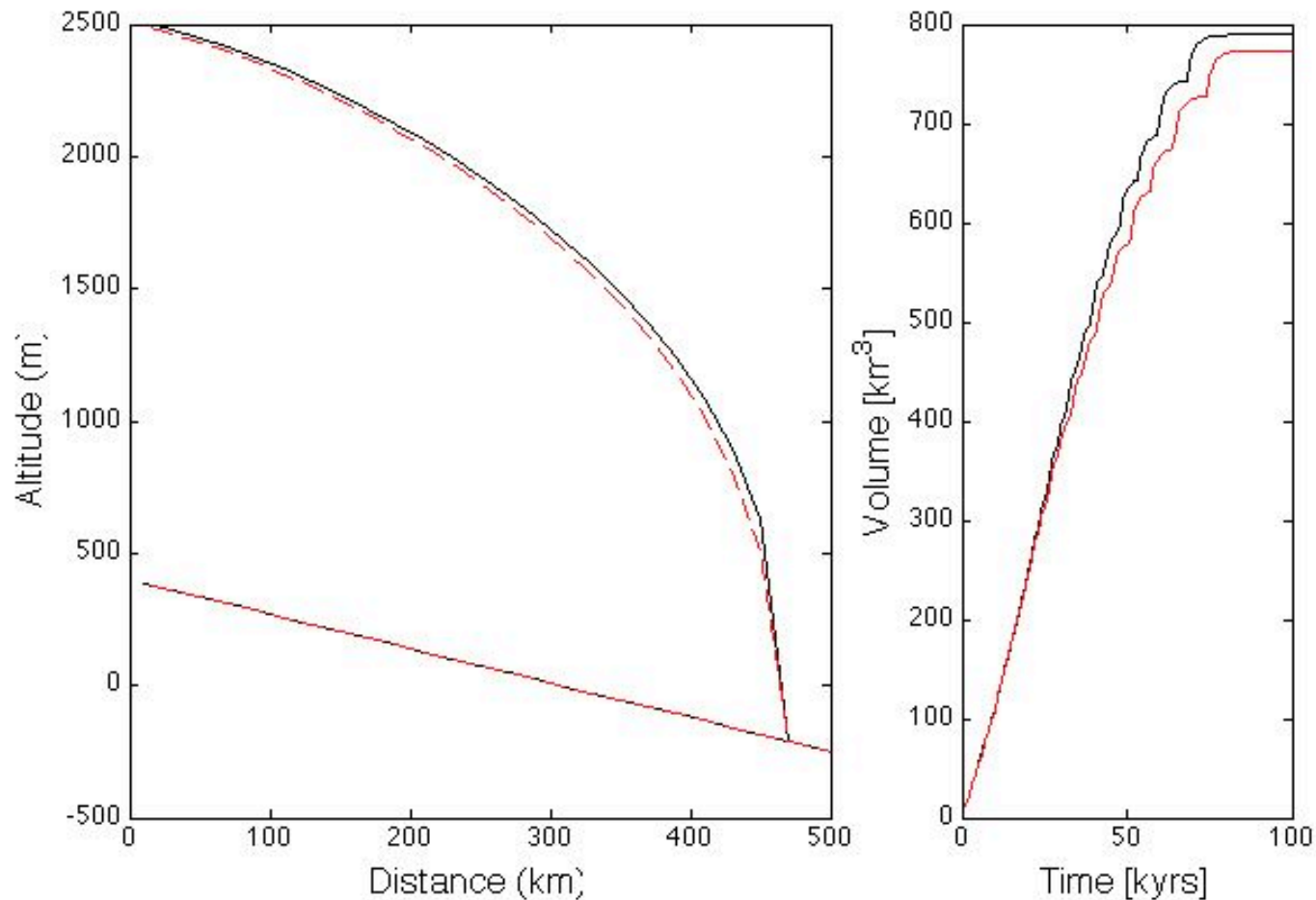
$\beta = 5 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ m/am}$

$\beta = 3 \cdot 10^{-3} \text{ m/am}$



MB2, 20 km, with (black) and without (red) improved gradient scheme

$$\frac{\partial h}{\partial x} \Big|_i \approx \frac{\partial h}{\partial x} \Big|_{i-1} + \frac{\partial^2 h}{\partial x^2} \Big|_{i-1} \Delta x$$



Summary

- 5 km and 10 km seem to be a great improvement to 20 km resolution when mass balance is function of height.
 - Model is relatively insensitive to changes in ELA however there is a larger change at coarse resolution.
 - The steeper the slope the more important resolution is.
 - b_{max} is most sensitive to resolution due to nonlinearity of B
- A 20 km resolution is not sufficient for this ice sheet model!

