

TM5 in EC-Earth & C-IFS

P. Le Sager, T. van Noije, V. Huijnen R&D Weather and Climate Modeling KNMI





A brief history of EC-Earth



- EC-EARTH **2.3** : **CMIP5** (IFS cy31r1, NEMO 2, LIM2) [mid 2010]
- EC-EARTH **2.4** : + Dyn. Land, + Atm. Chemistry [mid 2012] (non-interactive)
- EC-EARTH **3.0** : IFS cy36r4, NEMO 3.3, LIM3 [early 2013]
- EC-EARTH **3.1** : some tuning \rightarrow research [mid 2014]
- EC-EARTH **3.2** : NEMO 3.6, OASIS-MCT [mid 2016]
 - workhorse for CMIP6,
 - currently beta (tuning, forcings)



What's new in 3.2?



	2.3 for CMIP5	3.2 for CMIP6
NEMO 2 → 3.6	46 levels	 75 levels xios better conservations (z*) new equation of state improved runoff distribution
IFS cy31r1 → cy36r4	T159 (1.125°) L62	T255 (0.75°) L91 convection + microphys. param. (cy40r1) Water mass fixer (cy38r1) Interactive aerosols Better snow treatment
OASIS3 → OASIS3-MCT	executable	library
TM5 → TM5-MP	cbm4	cbm5 feedback performance
LIM 2 → 3	single ice category	 Multiple (5) ice categories Multi-layer halo-thermodynamics EVP rheology on C-grid More realistic artic sea-ice

What's new in 3.2?



	2.3 for CMIP5	3.2 for CMIP6
software management	<u>Old fashioned:</u> ad-hoc scripts - tar files -	<u>Modernized:</u> ec-conf utility runtime environment version control project management + tracking issues
Runoff mapper	-	more robust & flexible
PISCES	-	Biogeochemistry
LPJ-Guess		Feedback (LAIs)
PISM	-	Parallel Ice Sheet Model
XIOS	-	Output server



Int. TM5 meeting - ISPRA - June 28th, 2016

Components of 3.2





Components of 3.2





Components of 3.2





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<u>Resolutions</u>

 Low T159L62, ORCA1L75

GCM configurations

- Standard T255L91, ORCA1L75
- High T511L91, ORCA025L75

Also available

- Atmosphere only
- Ocean only





Status: beta

GCM configurations

- consolidation
- waiting for forcing fields → tuning

Performance

- Std: 8-12 SYPD
- High: 2-4 SYPD





ESM configuration #2 – EC-EARTH3-CHEM



ESM configuration #4 – EC-EARTH3-CC



Status

Components ready. Exchanges to be implemented.

Performance of ESM-CHEM (1) nb of fields exchanged



- 82 3D fields are exchanged
 - 13 met. fields
 - 69 aerosols prop.
- 39 2D fields are exchanged
- Total of 2D fields
 - 2827 (34 levels)
 - 7501 (91 levels)
- <u>Limit the number of levels</u>
 <u>exchanged!</u>





Performance of ESM-CHEM (2) bundles



- 82 3D fields are exchanged
 - 13 met. fields
 - 69 aerosols prop.
- **39** 2D fields are exchanged
- Total of 2D fields
 - 2827 (34 levels)
 - 7501 (91 levels)
- <u>Limit the number of levels</u> <u>exchanged!</u>
- pseudo 3D = bundle
- <u>Bundle as much as you can!</u>





Performance of ESM-CHEM (3) load balancing



- Balanced configuration depends on bundle size
- Further right (resp. left) bar is balanced for bundle of 11-12 (resp. 1) fields





Performance is SYSTEM DEPENDENT



best configs on ECMWF Cray: XC30 vs XC40

	Intel-IvyBridge	Intel-Broadwell
Cores per node	24 (2.7 GHz)	36 (2.1 GHz)
Memory per node	64 (1866 MHz DDR3)	128 (2400 MHz DDR4)
FP Instruction set	AVX	AVX2
IFS cores	144	108
TM5-MP cores	1x45	2x36
SYPD	1.4	1.85
10-year sim. runtime	7d 9h	5d 10h

TM5-MP standalone: 2 SYPD (3x45 cores on XC40)

ECEART

Other features of interest



- **COSP** (CFMIP Observation Simulator Package)
 - compare simulated clouds with observations
- Nudging
 - IFS (from cy38r1)
 - NEMO

Stochastic parameterization of small scales

perturbations applied to 3D fields tendencies

• $3.1 \rightarrow 150$ TB data to mine



Atmospheric nudging explained

$$\frac{\partial X_i}{\partial t} = F_{\text{model}}(\{X_i\}) + \frac{X_{i,\text{target}}(t) - X_i}{\tau_i}$$

- X_i : temperature *T*, vorticity *VOR*, divergence *DIV*, surface pressure *SP* (humidity, cloud cover, cloud liquid & ice water content also possible)
- $X_{i,\text{target}}$: 6-hourly ERA-Interim fields; linear time interpolation in IFS
- τ_i : nudging time scales; range of values proposed/applied in literature:
 - Jeuken et al. (JGR, 1996):
 2.8 h (VOR & SP), 5.6 h (DIV), 27.8 h (T)
 - Hourdin & Issartel (GRL, 2000); Hauglustaine et al. (JGR, 2004):
 2.5 h (*T*, VOR, DIV)
 - Telford et al. (ACP, 2008) recommend $\tau_i \sim$ inverse frequency of the target data (6 h in our case).
- Test simulations with EC-Earth (IFS@T255L91) show best performance for $\tau_i \sim 6$ h (*T*, *VOR*, *DIV*, *SP*)

Atmosphere-only simulations with prescribed SSTs and sea ice (2005-2006);

Untuned EC-Earth version 3.2-beta

Free – ERA-Interim, JJA 2006



Nudged – ERA-Interim, JJA 2006



-7 -6 -5 -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 Surface Temperature Difference (°C)





EC-Earth vs. standalone TM5

threshold wind speed



Aerosol Optical Depth at 550 nm

C-IFS developments: a very brief update

- C-IFS-CB05 has been used for CAMS Interim-Reanalysis (Flemming et al. in preparation), and will be used for upcoming CAMS-Reanalysis (2003-2016), expected to start this autumn.
- CIFS-CB05-BASCOE, (extension with stratospheric chemistry & kpp), in review for GMD. Ongoing: revision of PSC parameterization, extension of evaluation.
- Quick study on total CO₂ emitted during 2015 Indonesian fires based on hand-guided optimization of CO emissions in C-IFS (Huijnen et al., Sci. Rep. 2016)
- KNMI participates in CAMS tender on Reactive Gases:
 - Review tropospheric chemistry (e.g. isoprene)
 - Closer links to aerosol (nitrate, sulfate precursors)
 - Revision of stratospheric chemistry
 - intercomparison study of trop. chemistry mechanisms.
 - Start of tender is delayed.

